• •

6 4 -

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,
[1].
                                                       ZnSe:Fe
                                                                     ZnSe:Cr
                                                                                       [2,3].
                                                                                                              ZnSe:Ni
                                                                                                    ZnSe
                                                                                    Ni
                                                                                                          Ar+He
                                                                                                  5-10
                          800\text{-}1000^{\circ} .
               ZnSe.
                                                                                                              ZnS:Ni.
                                                                  Ni
                                                                                    ZnSe
                                                                                               ZnS
                                                                                   ZnSe
                                                                                     ZnSe
                                                                                                          2.19, 2.41
2.52 ,
                                         ZnSe:Ni
                                                                                                         1.41, 1.46
   1.53
                                                              Ni.
                                            ZnS:Ni.
                                                  1.55, 1.62 1.72 .
   [4],
<sup>3</sup>T<sub>1</sub>(F)
                                                 ZnS:Ni
                                                                 1.41
Ni<sup>2+</sup>.
                                    1.55
                                                                              ZnS:Ni
               ^{3}T_{1}(P),
                                        <sup>3</sup> <sub>1</sub>(P) –
                                                ZnS:Ni
                                                                                                               1.1
                 ZnS:Ni
                                                                                        1.13 .
```

 $^{3}T_{1}(F)$ 3 $_{2}(P)$,

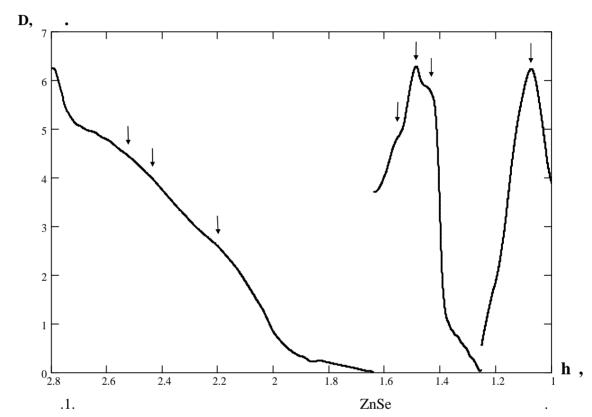
Ni.

, Ni²⁺.

 Ni^{2+}

ZnSe:Ni.

ZnSe:r



.36, 1. – . 1-2.

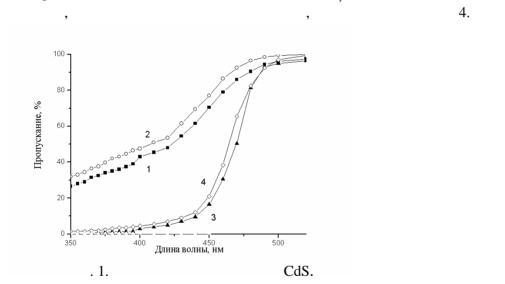
Vladimir V. Fedorov, Sergey B. Mirov, Andrew Gallian, Dmitri V. Badikov, Mikhail P. Frolov, Yuri V. Korostelin, Vladimir I. Kozlovsky, Alexander I. Landman, Yuri P. Podmar'kov, Vadim A. Akimov, and Artem A. Voronov 3.77-5.05-μm tunable solid-state lasers, based on Fe²⁺-doped ZnSe crystals opersting at low and room temperatures // Jornal of quantum electronics. – 2006. – vol.42, 9. – C. 907-917.

3. .., .., .., ... Cr:ZnSe, // .-2003.- .33, 5.-.408-410. .., .., .., .., ... ZnSe:Co²⁺ ..., 2004. - .34, 12. - .1169-1172.

4. Zunger A. 3d transition-atom impurities in semiconductors // sol. st. phys.- 1986.- vol.39.-P.276-464.

,

CdS,



, , , CdS,

I-. S- R-R-S-3 % R-S- $N_r - N_s - 10^{15} c^{-3}$, R-S-S- $\begin{array}{cc} N_r & < & N_s \\ & N_r > N_s \end{array}$ R-

,

). $Cd(NO_3)_2 + Na_2S \rightarrow CdS + 2NaNO_3$ (1) $Cd(NO_3)_2$ Na₂S, (~ 0,37÷0,55° CdS. 0,05 ó $\hbar\omega_{0,n} = E_g + 0.71 \frac{\hbar^2 \varphi_{0,n}^2}{2\mu R^2},$ (2) , $\varphi_{0,n}$ - n = 1 , $\varphi_{0,n} = \pi n (n = 1, 2, ...)$. , Rnn=2. $\omega = 0.9 \frac{v_s}{2Rc}$ (3) *R* v_s -

(2).

ZnSe:Fe

			• •,	•	•	
		_			.,	
			A_2B_6 ,			
	[2].	- ,	, ZnSe:	Cr ²⁺ :Z	InSe 1,54 Fe ²⁺ :ZnSe	[1]. 2.79
		•				ZnSe
	Ar+He 10 ZnSe:Fe	-30 .	950-1050°	50-1050° .		
	Ziige.i'e			Zn	Se:Fe.	,
		655 .				
	2	ZnSe:Fe.			(470, 487)	7 508)
	-	2.8 .			ZnSe:Fe	
Fe ²⁺						
			ZnSe:Fe.	,		
	, 2004. – .34, 12. –		,	1.54	. //	. •
2.	,		•		, Fe	e ²⁺ :ZnSe
	2006. – .36, 1. –	. 1-2.				

```
SnO_2
```

) NanoScope IIIa (Digital ~10 Instruments,). NT-MDT, (Tapping ModeTM). (500 500 2.

, , , 10-15 .

,

c)
:) 1 %, b) 5 %, c) 10 % Sn(AcAc)₄

CdS, Cd S CdS, E 0,4 (5%) 1,9 2,4 2,3 (1,7 2,6 (2,3).

CdS,

Рис. 1. Результаты расчёта распределения концентрации петирующей примеси (бора) по глубине пластины (кривые

300

. . .1 , 1,2,3,4 соответствуют четырем разным точкам на поверхности пластины). 2,5-4

2

3

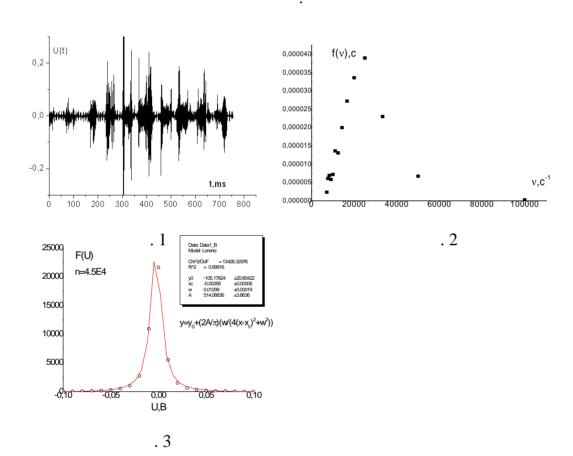
1, мим

,

```
[1,2].
                                                                                              ),
                                                                        1
                                                                   R=70
                                                                               (
                                                                                      ).
                                                                                      ~10-15
                                                                             . 1).
f( )
~25
~30
                  . 2
                                             f( )
15%
                                                                             . 3)
```

0,999.

[3].



[1].

 α^*

$$\begin{cases} \frac{d\theta}{d\tau} = e^{\frac{\theta}{1+\beta\theta}} (1-\eta)^2 - \frac{\theta}{\delta} \\ \frac{d\eta}{d\tau} = \gamma \cdot e^{\frac{\theta}{1+\beta\theta}} (1-\eta)^2 \end{cases}$$
 (1)

$$\theta = \frac{E}{RT_0^2}(T - T_0); \ \eta = 1 - \frac{C}{C_0}; \ \tau = (Qk_0 \frac{E}{RT_0^2}C_0 e^{-\frac{E}{RT_0}})t/\rho c_p$$

$$\delta = (QEV/\alpha SRT_0^2)k_0e^{-\frac{E}{RT_0}}C_0 \qquad \gamma = (\rho c_p RT_0^2)/QEC_0.$$
(1)

 $\theta(\tau) = \eta(\tau)$

),

(5*10⁻⁴) ...

 $_{\text{max}} = 1.8, = 0.388, = 10^{-2} _{\text{max}} = 3.3, = 0.456.$ $= 10^{-3}$

[2].

$$(0 \le \beta < 0.03 \qquad 0 \le \gamma < 0.02)$$

$$(\pm 10\%) \qquad (2)$$

$$\delta = \delta^* \cdot (1 + 2.51 \gamma^{1/2}) \cdot (1 + \beta)$$

.// -1983.- 4. 1.

, 1996, . 15, 6. 2.

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, ·

, .

.

« » [1].

. (Zr, Fe, Al).

(Fe, Zr),
(Al).

 $t_g = 3.2$.

 $-t_g=3.5 \qquad .$

, -

, 1990, . 26, 6, . 54-62.

(d~50 (d ~2 **«** d~10

•

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//7 « ».- ().-4-7.09.2006.

() P-N AlGaAs Si *I*, A 10⁻⁴ r *I*, A 10⁻⁵ ¬ 10⁻⁵ 10⁻⁶ 10⁻⁶ 10-7 10⁻⁷ 10-8 10-8 0,3 0,4 *U*, B 0,2 0,1 0 0 2 *U*, B . 1. p-n () -n Si AlGaAs. . 1 () () -n 1), =5000 (2), 2, 3 =2000 (3) =50 (4). p-n

AlGaAs,

 NH_3 .

. 2

() p-n

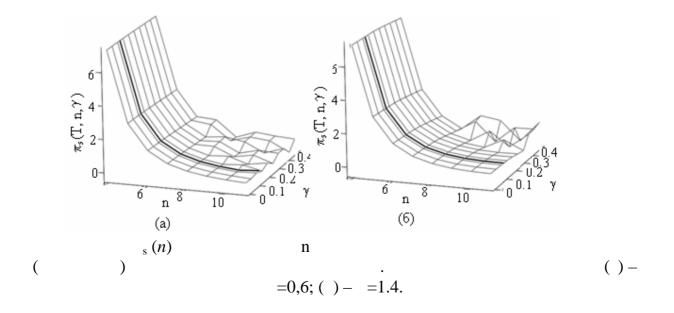
()

p-n

AlGaAs p-n p-n AlGaAs, p-n 15%) AlGaAs Ι, Ι, A A 0,04 0,5 0,4 0,03 3 0,3 0,02 0,2 0,01 0,1 0,5 1,0 0 1,5 5 *U*, B 2 3 4 1 *U*, B () .2. () p-n AlGaAs, : 1 - 5; 2 - 10; 3 - 50; 4 - 200; 5 - 500p-n p-n AlGaAs p-n

. .

=- dF/dh (F*h*), () s(h) ($s(h) = \exp(-h/D_k).$ s(h)(). F $_{\rm s}$ =- F / n, h n=-1. n s(h), D_k *s*(*h*). s(h)(), s(h).



	P-1	N-	GaAs		
	,	- · ·,			
,	,				
	p-n- 10%	GaAs.	Na ₂ S·18H ₂ O p-n-		
GaAs	,	•	GaAs-p-n-		
	, GaAs.	•	p-n		

Si – SiO₂, (), (). SiO_2 , – CV – - CV -– CV – Si-SiO₂. $(P_b -$). SiO_2

GaP Nd-(111)-E=1 $w=3.8\cdot10^{18}$ $=2.10^{-3}$, W=1.4.10⁷ 450 500 , (1,64 510), (1,56 GaP Nd-(2,01). GaP Nd-GaP. GaP,

-

 $Ga_xIn_{1-x}P$. GaP < S >, (111)GaP. Nd $W=3.8\cdot10^{8}$ GaP $_{1/2}$ =0,65 . $Ga_xIn_{1-x}P$, $_{1/2}=0.81$, $Ga_{x}In_{1-x}P$, 1, 2, _{1/2}=0,44 GaP. $Ga_xIn_{1-x}P$ 1, $Ga_xIn_{1-x}P$. [1] . .// - . - 1998. - 3. - . 31-34.

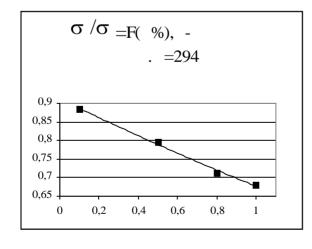
(100)

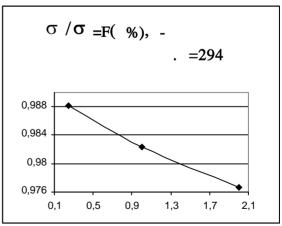
10

 $10^6 - 10^8$

 μ =(10⁻²-10⁻¹) $^{-2}$ / · ,

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)
                                                         ).
                                                                                                     (
                                                                                                    Elf
Synthetic
              Technology)
                    (
                                 2%).
                                                                     σ..
                                \sigma = f()
                                                              : \sigma/\sigma = F(C\%)-
                                                                                                     σ
                                   σ
                                                  \Gamma_{\!\infty}
                                                                      S_0,
                c
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" "

 $2d_s$),

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              (
                                                                                            - CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>11</sub>DSO<sub>3</sub>Na
                                                                                           7
           (
                                                                                                                                       )
(
                                                                                      1%)
                                                                     40
                                                                           (~ 5÷10
                                                                                 ")
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 MO_3 WO_3 . 1 .1. (15.8

320 , 40-80

160-

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( .1). ,
150-160 , ( .2).
                                                                         2
            .2
                                               15.8 ).
                                                                                 ( )
                                                      .3
                                                                                2/3
           ).
                             Т, К
                        1200
                        1000
                         800
                         600
                         400
                         200 L
                                    20
                                                      60
                                                          70
                 . 3
                                     : 1-I=6.3 , 2-I=6.4 , 3-I=6.6 .
  1.
   2.
                                                               (L > 10 °).
```

```
( ) [1],
                                 [2],
),
                                                                 . [3].
                0,1
                          1
                                              [2] .
                                                                             (T, n_p),
                                                       (W,\,E_c,\,\epsilon_p).
                                    .// .-2000.- .-170.- 5.- .495-532
                                  , 1989.-188 .
                                                                               .-1971.-522 .
```

1.

3.

T, K $t_{B}=0.43 c$ 1600-1400 --t_B=0.29c

1200 1000 t=0.05 800 600-100

 $r_S = 150$, $T_g = T_W = 1500K$.

 $\Delta T = T_R - T_0 \approx 270 K,$ $(B') \Delta T \approx 70 K,$ $\Delta T \qquad 140 K.$, ΔT

1)

2)

3)

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(833)

773 924 .

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(, , , , d = 0.1 , L = 108 , , , , , , ,

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S :
$$S_{d}(T) = \frac{S_{liq}(T) + S_{vap}(T)}{2} - S_{crit}$$

 $\rho_{d}(T) = \frac{\rho_{liq}(T) + \rho_{vap}(T)}{2} - \rho_{crit}$

:

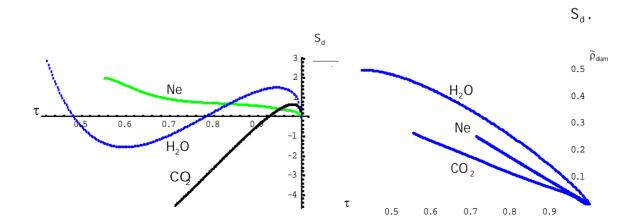
$$S_d(T) = S_{reg} + S_{fluct}$$

$$S_{reg}\!\left(\tau\right)\!=S_1\tau+S_2\tau^2+\underline{o}\!\left(\tau^2\right)\!,\qquad \tau=\frac{T_c-T}{T_c}\,.$$

,

. S_d

, .) ,



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, :

 $s_1 = \frac{9}{10}$

 $- s_1 = -\frac{27}{20} , \qquad - s_1 = 2.5 .$

•

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- . .

•

$$U(x) = \frac{\hbar^2}{m} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} (x + na),$$

k ,

$$t^{2}(k) = 1 - \left(\frac{ku}{\sin qa}\right)^{2} \left(2 + \frac{2}{k^{2}} - \sin 2qa - \frac{2}{k} \cos 2ka - \sin 2ka \left(1 - \frac{2}{k^{2}}\right)\right),$$

 $(\sin qa)(k^2-k^2-k^2)$

$$u^{2} >= \frac{2\hbar}{m_{0}} cth \frac{1}{2} \hbar_{0} ,$$

$$\underline{2} c$$

. $ar{ar{\ell}}$.

$$R = \frac{\hbar}{e^{2}} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\hbar L k^{2}}{mc \sin^{2} qa} \left(2 + \frac{2}{k^{2}} - \sin 2qa - \frac{2}{k} \cos 2ka - \sin 2ka \left(1 - \frac{2}{k^{2}}\right)\right)}.$$

$$k_{B}T >> \frac{1}{2} \hbar_{0},$$

$$R = \frac{\hbar}{e^2} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{4k_B T L^2 k^2}{mc^2 \sin^2 qa} \left(2 + \frac{2}{k^2} - \sin 2qa - \frac{2}{k} \cos 2ka - \sin 2ka \left(1 - \frac{2}{k^2}\right)\right)}.$$

 $\varepsilon(r)$.

 $\delta\varepsilon(\vec{r},t) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \Delta\varepsilon(|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_{i}(t)|)\theta(R-|\vec{r}-\vec{r}_{i}(t)|),$ (1)

 $\Delta \varepsilon(r) = \varepsilon(r) - \varepsilon_0, \ \theta(x) - \varepsilon_0$ \vec{r}_i

[1] $I(\vec{q},\omega) = \sum_{n,m\geq 1} I_{nm}(\vec{q},\omega),$ (2)

 $I_{nm}(\vec{q},\omega) \propto (-3\varepsilon_0)^{-n-m+2} \pi^{-1} \operatorname{Re} \int_0^\infty dt \int_V d\vec{r} \left\langle \delta \varepsilon^n (\vec{r},t) \delta \varepsilon^m (0,0) \right\rangle \exp(i\omega t - i\vec{q}\vec{r})$ (3)

 $I(\vec{q},\omega) \propto 16\pi^2 \varepsilon_0^2 |\alpha(\vec{q})|^2 nG(\vec{q},\omega),$ (4)

 $G(\vec{q},\omega)$ – $\alpha(\vec{q}) = \frac{3}{4\pi} \int_{V} d\vec{r} \exp(-i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}) \cdot (\varepsilon(r) - \varepsilon_0) / (\varepsilon(r) + 2\varepsilon_0);$

[2].

M. Y. Sushko, Low Temp. Phys., 33, 806 (2007).

, , , 132, 478 (2007). , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

, **43**, 1927 (1962).

 ε , $\varepsilon_{ik}(\vec{r})$. $\overline{D}_i = \varepsilon \overline{E}_i,$ (1) D_i -(1) $\varepsilon_{ik}(\vec{r}) = \varepsilon_0 \delta_{ik} + \delta \varepsilon_{ik}(\vec{r}),$ $\delta \varepsilon_{ik}(\vec{r})$ [2]: $\sqrt{\varepsilon_0}k_0\left|\vec{r_i}-\vec{r_j}\right|<<1$, k_0 [3,4] $\lim_{k_0\to 0} \left(k_0^2 \cdot T_{ik}(\vec{r})\right) = \frac{1}{3\varepsilon_0} \delta(\vec{r}) \delta_{ik} + \frac{1}{4\pi r^3} \left(\delta_{ik} - 3e_i e_k\right)$ $\vec{e} = \vec{r}/r$, δ_{ik} $k_0^2 \cdot T_{ik}(\vec{r})$ $\frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon_0} = \frac{1 + \frac{8\pi}{9} nSp(\hat{\alpha})}{1 - \frac{4\pi}{9} nSp(\hat{\alpha})}, \qquad \alpha_{ii} = \frac{3}{4\pi} \int_{v} d\vec{r} \frac{\varepsilon_{ii}(\vec{r}) - \varepsilon_0}{2\varepsilon_0 + \varepsilon_{ii}(\vec{r})}, \quad i = 1, 2, 3,$ (3) , $\frac{1}{3}Sp(\hat{\alpha}) = \frac{1}{3}(\alpha_{11} + \alpha_{22} + \alpha_{33})$ n -

 ${oldsymbol{arepsilon}}_{ik} \quad {oldsymbol{arepsilon}}$ n ,

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2. . . , , , 2007, .132, .2(8), 478-484. 3. . . , , , 2004, .126, .6, 1355–1361.

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, B_2 .

$$B_2 = -\frac{1}{2} \int [\exp(-\beta u \ (r)) - 1] 4\pi r^2 dr \tag{1}$$

u(r) - ,

 $B_2 \\ u(r). \\ u(r)$

 $U = U + U_{el} + U_{h}$ (2)

$$U_{h-} = \begin{cases} -J \cdot \langle n_h \rangle, & \sigma \langle r \leq r_h \rangle \\ 0, & r > r_h \end{cases}$$
(3)

 $\langle n_h \rangle$ -

 $U_{EL}(r) = \langle U_{el}(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_1) \rangle \tag{4}$

 $U_{el}(ec{r_1},ec{r_1})$ -

$$U_{el}(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2) = U_{dd}(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2) + U_{dQ}(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2) + U_{QQ}(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2) + \dots$$
 (5)

$$U_{++}(r) = -\frac{\beta}{\varepsilon^2} \left(\frac{2d^4}{3r^6} + 3d^2 Q^2 \frac{1}{r^8} + 6.3 \cdot Q^4 \frac{1}{r^{10}} \dots \right)$$

$$Q^2 = \varepsilon \operatorname{Sp}(Q^{(1)})^2 >$$
(6)

u(r)

$$U = \begin{cases} \infty, & r \leq \sigma \\ -J < n_h >, & \sigma < r \leq r_h \\ -\frac{\beta}{\varepsilon^2} \left(\frac{2d^4}{3r^6} + \frac{3d^2Q^2}{r^8} + \frac{6.3Q^4}{r^{10}} \right), & r > r_h \end{cases}$$
 (7)

 σ -

d

(1)

(7),
$$B_{2} = \frac{2}{3}\pi\sigma^{3} - \frac{1}{2}\left[\exp(\beta J < n_{h} >) - 1\right] \cdot V_{h} - \frac{2\pi\beta^{2}}{\varepsilon^{2}} \left(\frac{2d^{4}}{9r_{h}^{3}} + \frac{3d^{2}Q^{2}}{5r_{h}^{5}} + \frac{9Q^{4}}{10r_{h}^{7}}\right)$$
(8)

: T,

$$\langle n_h \rangle$$
 \mathcal{E} .

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 $ds^2 = c^2 dT^2 - dX^2$

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2+1 3+1

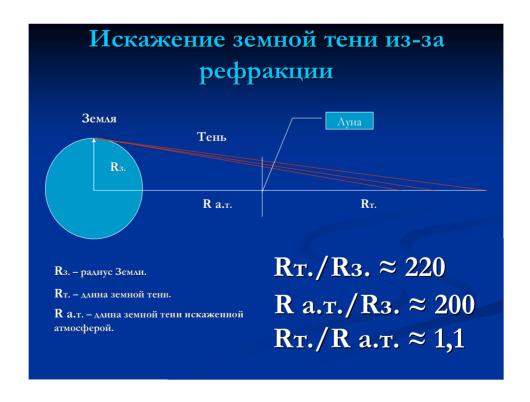
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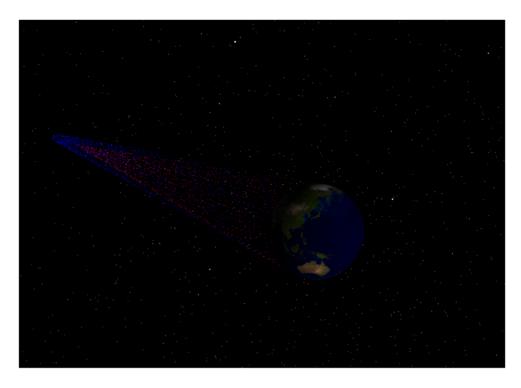
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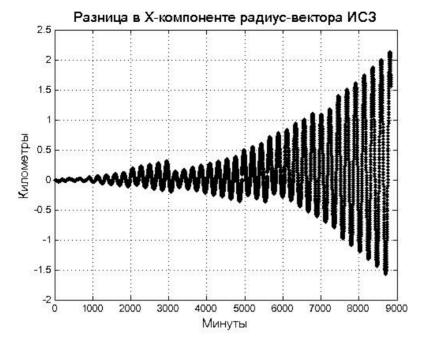
NORAD SGP4/SDP4

SGP4/SDP4

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SGP4/SDP4



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-10⁻⁵;
-2·10⁻⁵
(.) -2.

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HD18632, HD19902, HD20439, HD25825, HD26756, HD26767, HD28099, HD28992, HD140913, HD240648, HD283704, HD284574, HD285690, HD29419.

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DECH 20 HD018632, t prg EW WIDTH-9 EM Cyg EM Cyg,) 2007 2006 "Inter-Longitude Astronomy". 20-30) R() V(